Supplement Table 1. Comparison of clinical and peripheral body temperature of MDD patients before and after treatment.

X7 1-1	MDD Patients (N = 24)									N. I.D. (1.1. (A) 15)			
Variables	WITH suicide risk (N = 14)				WITHOUT suicide risk (N = 10)				Normal Participants $(N = 15)$				
	Before treatment	After treatment	Т	P	Before treatment	After treatment	Т	P	Before treatment	After treatment	Т	P	
Clinical character	ristics												
HAMA, Median (IQR)	15.0 (12.8, 18.0)	9.5 (5.8, 14.0)	2.51	0.026	13.0 (10.5, 15.0)	6.5 (5.8, 8.3)	3.94	0.003	2.0 (1.0, 3.0)	2.0 (1.0,3.0)	-0.86	0.405	
HAMD-17, Median (IQR)	25.5 (22.8, 29.0)	14.0 (10.0, 17.3)	7.35	<0.001	20.5 (16.9, 22.3)	10.0 (7.8, 11.0)	5.87	<0.001	1.0 (0.0, 2.0)	1.0 (1.0, 3.0)	1.38	0.189	
PHQ-9, Median (IQR)	22.0 (18.5, 23.3)	13.5 (7.7, 19.3)	3.51	0.004	13.0 (10.8, 13.5)	4.0 (1.8, 7.0)	7.89	<0.001	2.0 (0.0, 3.0)	2.0 (1.0, 2.0)	0.32	0.758	
MDQ, Median (IQR)	3.0 (2.0, 4.0)	2.0 (1.0, 3.0)	1.88	0.082	2.5 (1.8, 3.0)	2.0 (2.0, 2.0)	1.41	0.193	1.0 (0.0, 2.0)	2.0 (1.0, 2.0)	-1.24	0.235	
PSQI, Median (IQR)	13.5 (11.0, 17.3)	11.5 (7.8, 12.8)	2.93	0.012	12.0 (6.8, 14.3)	8.5 (4.8, 11.8)	3.27	0.010	3.0 (2.0, 5.0)	3.0 (2.0, 5.0)	0.43	0.670	
Features of periph	neral body temperat	ure											
Mesor, Mean (SD)	36.08 (0.31)	36.00 (0.35)	1.29	0.220	36.20 (0.29)	36.31 (0.29)	-1.55	0.156	35.92 (0.34)	36.02 (0.34)	-1.66	0.118	
Amplitude, Mean (SD)	0.37 (0.15)	0.27 (0.17)	1.77	0.100	0.45 (0.25)	0.36 (0.17)	0.83	0.428	0.30 (0.16)	0.31 (0.15)	-0.11	0.916	
Phase-delay, Mean (SD)	5.11 (3.44)	4.06 (1.93)	1.55	0.146	2.39 (2.14)	3.01 (2.09)	-0.86	0.412	3.45 (1.84)	2.82 (2.00)	-1.05	0.311	
Nadir, Mean (SD)	4:50 (1:52)	7:23 (4:19)	1.92	0.077	5:05 (6:02)	6:11 (6:57)	-0.37	0.701	6:19 (4:36)	5:47 (5:28)	0.31	0.761	

Abbreviation: MDD: Major depressive disorder; SD: standard deviation. IQR: interquartile range.

The clinical characteristics and temperature characteristics were analyzed by *Paired-samples T-test, statistic value: Z*; *P*: baseline *vs.* follow-up. The differences were determined with significance at 0.05 level and statistically significant results in the table were boldface.

Supplement Table 2. Association between peripheral body temperature and factor scores of HAMD-17 of MDD patients before and after treatment.

		xiety/ toform	We	ight		nitive irment	Retar	dation	Inso	mnia	Total	score
Before treatment (N = 41)	R	P	R	P	R	P	R	R	R	P	R	P
Mesor	0.047	0.779	0.028	0.863	-0.075	0.649	0.347	0.03	0.163	0.321	0.16	0.329
Amplitude	-0.029	0.859	0.077	0.642	-0.028	0.867	-0.191	0.244	-0.346	0.031	0.203	0.215
Phase-delay	0.123	0.457	0.119	0.472	0.434	0.006	0.051	0.756	0.080	0.629	0.316	0.050
Nadir	0.070	0.670	-0.149	0.365	-0.064	0.701	0.068	0.682	-0.332	0.039	-0.086	0.601
After treatment (N = 24)	R	P	R	P	R	P	R	P	R	P	R	P
Mesor	0.100	0.657	-0.034	0.88	-0.181	0.420	-0.014	0.951	-0.237	0.289	-0.092	0.685
Amplitude	-0.151	0.502	-0.399	0.066	-0.182	0.417	-0.214	0.339	-0.250	0.263	-0.310	0.161
Phase-delay	-0.009	0.970	0.162	0.472	0.090	0.692	0.121	0.592	0.113	0.616	-0.114	0.613
Nadir	-0.221	0.323	-0.227	0.309	0.289	0.192	-0.082	0.718	-0.035	0.876	-0.072	0.749

Abbreviation: MDD: Major depressive disorder; NC: Normal control; R: correlation coefficient; P: P Value.

The association were analyzed by *Spearman* correlation *adjusted* by age and sex. The differences were determined with significance at 0.05 level and statistically significant results in the table were boldface.

## Supplement Table 3. Peripheral temperature characteristic of female participants during different menstruation period before treatment.

	Female N	MDD (N = 32)	Female	NC (N = 12)				_
Variables	Luteal phase	Follicular phase	Luteal phase	Follicular phase	$Z(P)^a$	$Z(P)^{b}$	$Z(P)^c$	$Z(P)^d$
	(N=14)	(N=18)	(N=5)	(N=7)				
Mesor, Mean (SD)	36.38 (0.21)	36.11 (0.29)	36.03 (0.56)	35.75 (0.26)	-2.49 (0.011)	-1.54 (0.149)	-1.30 (0.219)	-2.33 (0.017)
Amplitude, Mean (SD)	0.30 (0.13)	0.44 (0.18)	0.32 (0.11)	0.34 (0.19)	1.88 (0.059)	-0.16 (0.876)	-0.28 (0.823)	-1.09 (0.297)
Phase-delay, Mean (SD)	4.11 (2.39)	3.52 (2.03)	2.80 (2.10)	3.44 (1.97)	-1.22 (0.235)	0.57 (0.639)	1.57 (0.156)	-0.06 (0.976)
Nadir, Mean (SD)	5:40 (3:24)	4:07 (2:57)	9:05 (4:10)	6:05 (7:09)	-1.71 (0.091)	-1.38 (0.202)	-1.48 (0.130)	0.36 (0.745)

Abbreviation: MDD: Major depressive disorder; NC: Normal control; SD: standard deviation.

The temperature characteristics were analyzed by Mann-Whitney U, statistic value: Z;

t/Z (P) <sup>a</sup>: Luteal phase vs. Follicular phase in MDD; t/Z (P) <sup>b</sup>: Luteal phase vs. Follicular phase in NC; t/Z (P) <sup>c</sup>: MDD vs. NC during Luteal phase; t/Z (P) <sup>d</sup>: MDD vs. NC during Follicular phase. The differences were determined with significance at 0.05 level and statistically significant results in the table were boldface.

Supplement Table 4. Demographic characteristics and features of peripheral body temperature before treatment between MDD patients being followed-up and dropped-out.

Assessments	Followed up $(N = 24)$	Dropped out (N = 17)	$\chi 2/Z$	P
Demographic characteristics				
Age (years), Mean (SD)	30.3 (4.8)	32.6 (8.0)	0.70	0.482
Height (cm), Mean (SD)	163.9 (6.8)	164.9 (3.8)	-1.11	0.267
Weight (kg), Mean (SD)	57.4 (11.1)	60.5 (11.2)	-0.92	0.353
BMI (kg/m²), Mean (SD)	21.3 (3.6)	22.3 (3.5)	-0.98	0.327
Education (years), Median (Q1, Q3)	16 (15, 16)	16 (14, 16)	-0.43	0.667
Sex, Male, No. (%)	5 (20.0%)	4 (23.5%)	0.04	0.837
Clinical characteristics				
HAMA, Median (IQR)	14.5 (12.0, 17.3)	14.0 (12.0, 16.0)	-0.17	0.863
HAMD-17, Median (IQR)	23.0 (21.0, 26.0)	25.0 (19.3, 27.5)	-0.45	0.652
PHQ-9, Median (IQR)	17.0 (13.0, 23.0)	18.0 (16.0, 22.0)	-0.85	0.396
MDQ, Median (IQR)	3.0 (2.0, 3.0)	3.0 (1.5, 4.0)	-0.10	0.924
PSQI, Median (IQR)	12.0 (10.3, 16.5)	13.0 (12.0, 15.5)	-0.48	0.632
Features of peripheral body tempera	ture			
Mesor, Mean (SD)	36.13 (0.30)	36.29 (0.25)	-1.83	0.068
Amplitude, Mean (SD)	0.41 (0.20)	0.35 (0.10)	-1.32	0.186
Phase-delay, Mean (SD)	3.98 (2.20)	3.89 (1.98)	0.13	0.895
Nadir, Mean (SD)	04:56 (04:02)	05:19 (3:30)	-0.40	0.691

Abbreviation: MDD: Major depressive disorder; NC: Normal control; SD: standard deviation. IQR: interquartile range.

Sex was calculated by *Chi-square test, statistic value:*  $\chi^2$ ; Others were calculated by *Mann-Whitney U, statistic value:* Z; P: Followed-up vs. Dropped out. The differences were determined with significance at 0.05 level and statistically significant results in the table were boldface.